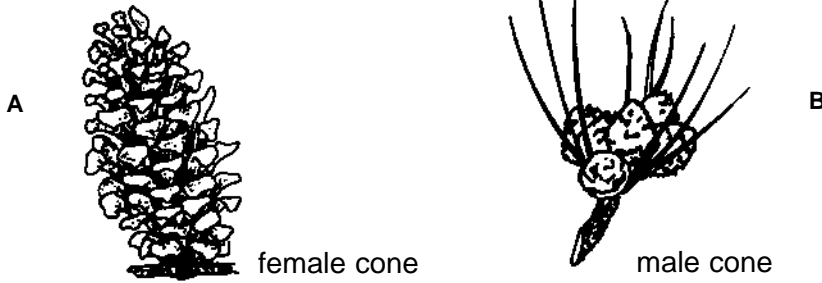


**Chapter 5**

Use with Section 2

**REINFORCEMENT****● Seed Plant Reproduction***Use the diagrams below to answer the questions.*

1. Which cone produces pollen grains? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Which cone produces seeds? \_\_\_\_\_
3. In which cone is the egg fertilized? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What type of seed plant produces the above cones: \_\_\_\_\_

*Write the term that matches the following descriptions.*

5. grows from the pollen grain to the ovule: \_\_\_\_\_
6. transfer of pollen from stamen to ovules: \_\_\_\_\_
7. produces pollen grains: \_\_\_\_\_
8. the male reproductive organ of angiosperms: \_\_\_\_\_
9. the top of the pistil that catches the pollen grains: \_\_\_\_\_
10. a young plant growing within the seed: \_\_\_\_\_
11. provides the energy for a monocot seed to grow: \_\_\_\_\_
12. the ways in which seeds get from the flower to the ground for germination: \_\_\_\_\_
13. part of the flower that becomes part of the fruit: \_\_\_\_\_
14. a seed that does not germinate for a period of time: \_\_\_\_\_
15. organisms that aid in the pollination of flowers: \_\_\_\_\_
16. the female reproductive organ of angiosperms: \_\_\_\_\_
17. part of the flower in which sperm form: \_\_\_\_\_
18. the early growth of a plant from a seed: \_\_\_\_\_